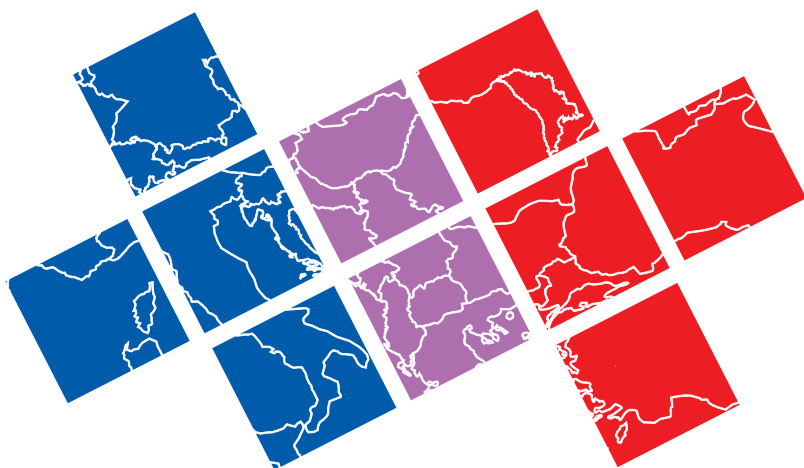


CFSP

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An analysis of Serbia's alignment with the European Union's foreign policy declarations and measures: Annual report for 2022

Authors:

Igor Novaković

Tanja Plavšić

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Belgrade

ISAC 

*CENTAR ZA MEĐUNARODNE I BEZBEDOSNE POSLOVE
*INTERNATIONAL AND SECURITY AFFAIRS CENTRE

All the progress that Serbia made vis-à-vis the alignment with the EU foreign policy declarations and measures in 2021 (with the 62 percent alignment rate) has been scrapped with the Russian recognition of the independence of the so-called Donetsk and Luhansk people's republics (herewith "DPR" and "LPR") on February 22nd and with the invasion of Ukraine that has started on February 24th. The War in Ukraine continued throughout 2022, and Serbia maintained a stance that it will not align with the restrictive measures against Russia, which the EU has significantly increased with the additional nine packages of sanctions.

Due to these events and many new EU declarations related to it, Serbia's 2022 alignment rate is just 48 percent.

On the other hand, it is noteworthy that the alignment percentages are merely a descriptive category that indicates the general alignment trend, whereas the topics with which Serbia has failed to align are essentially more critical. Foreign policy declarations and the measures contained therein may include a broad range of issues, and often not all of them are considered equally important to the EU and its member states. These topics include various issues, from imposing, amending, or renewing restrictive measures against certain countries to declarations concerning commemorating critical international dates. Of course, the most important are those related to security issues of direct concern for the EU and its member states. Therefore, the EU and its member states closely monitor the alignment with crucial issues for the Union's position worldwide and its proclaimed foreign policy objectives. In this context, the alignment of Serbia and other candidate and partner countries is reviewed.

As was the case before, Serbia has avoided aligning with those declarations and measures directed against the Russian Federation and the Peoples' Republic of China, their nationals, or interests. One of the main reasons for this position is the issue of Kosovo, and Serbia still seeks the support of both Russia and China in various international forums.

However, there have been some steps forward, especially regarding Russia (which will be explained below), but due to the gravity of the situation in Ukraine and the EU, they were not noticed by the wider public. Still, the predominant majority of declarations and measures Serbia did not align with were in some way or the other connected with Russia and the War in Ukraine, while the other topics have constituted a fraction of the total number.

From January 1st, 2022, to December 31st, 2022, the EU issued 136 declarations for which it called candidates, potential candidates, and partner countries to align.¹ Serbia aligned with 65 declarations and consequent measures and failed to align with 70. Grouped around the topic, 47 declarations refer to Ukraine before and after February 24th, 2022, and the Russian invasion; 1 declaration refers to the situation in Russia itself; 7 to Belarus (all in connection with its role in the Ukraine conflict); 2 with; 4 to Iran, 3 to Chemical Weapons Convention breaches, two each to the Global Human Rights Sanctions Regime, Libya and commemoration of important dates, one each to cyber-attacks and China.

As widely known, the EU introduced nine sanctions packages from February 23rd to December 31st, 2022. Although these are officially dubbed as "targeted" sanctions, their scope now is so enormous that they are "no longer 'smart' and selective, but systemic and punitive."² Now, after nine packages of sanctions, they encompass individual sanctions towards people and entities and restrictive measures against the financial and business sector, energy and transport sectors, dual-use goods and advanced technology, trade, exclusion of Russia from public contracts, and European funds, visa bans, and disinformation.³ Also, sanctions were introduced for Russian selling oil, gold, and many other goods and products. Finally, the measures also encompassed Russian-controlled regions of Ukraine. All these measures were mainly introduced through revisions and amendments to decisions of the EU Council from 2014 no. 145 (sanctions against individuals and entities)⁴ and no. 512 (structural sanctions), as well as decision no.266 from 2022, which introduced specific sanctions to Russian-occupied regions of Ukraine (at first Donetsk and Luhansk, and later Kherson and Zaporizhzhia).

Apart from this framework, it would be worthwhile to outline those declarations and measures beyond this scope. First, a "standard" annual declaration issued on February 25th speaks against the Russian annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol and related issues. Secondly, Serbia failed to align with the declaration from April 4th that condemns war

1) The count refers to declarations that are being published on the website of the EU Council [consilium.eu](https://consilium.europa.eu). Some of declarations at the beginning of the year are referring to the EU Council decisions from the end of 2021, but the final information about the alignment are published as declarations in 2022. In June 2022, the European Council decided to grant the status of candidate to Ukraine and Moldova, while Georgia became a potential candidate. These countries were previously in the status of partners. In December 2022, the European Council upgraded Bosnia and Herzegovina from a potential candidate, to a candidate country.

2) Alexey Yusupov, *What did Western sanctions on Russia achieve?*, IPS – Friedrich Ebert Stiftung, June 20, 2022, https://www.ips-journal.eu/topics/foreign-and-security-policy/what-did-western-sanctions-on-russia-achieve-6076/?utm_campaign=en_1019_20220720&utm_medium=email&utm_source=newsletter

3) *EU sanctions against Russia following the invasion of Ukraine*, European Commission, https://ec.europa.eu/info/strategy/priorities-2019-2024/stronger-europe-world/eu-solidarity-ukraine/eu-sanctions-against-russia-following-invasion-ukraine_e#dual-use-goods-and-advanced-technology-items

4) Encompassing beside Russian individuals, also the ones from Ukraine and Belarus

crimes in the Ukrainian town of Bucha, which were discovered after the retreat of the Russian army from this area by the end of March, after a failed attempt to capture Kyiv. Consequently, Serbia also did not align with the restrictive measures against individuals suspected of these atrocities published in June. In the year's second half, Serbia did not align with additional political declarations related to the War in Ukraine and related topics. The first marked the eighth anniversary of the downing of the airplane of Malaysian Airlines MH17 over the territory of Ukraine. The second condemned the malicious cyber-attacks on Ukraine on January 14th against the KE-SAT satellite network and DDOS (distributed denial of service) attacks against several EU member states. The third one focused on the 10th anniversary of the Law on Foreign Agents in Russia and mentioned it together with the 2015 Law on Undesirable Organizations and the 2022 Law on Fake News. These laws represent the tool for actions against civil society and the independent media in Russia, especially after the beginning of the Russian invasion. The fourth was the protest against Russia's placing five EU member states on the list of „unfriendly states,“ which allowed Russia to take specific punitive actions against them. Fifth is the declaration protesting against the announcement of Russian pull out from the „Black Sea Grain Initiative,“ which allowed to a certain extent, the Ukrainian export of grain and prevention of food shortages in Europe and Africa. The sixth focused on protests against the illegal referendums in four occupied regions of Ukraine (Donetsk, Kherson, Luhansk, and Zaporizhzhia) and partial mobilization in Russia. And seventh has been issued in relation to the explosion of a projectile in Poland on November 15th, 2022.

For some of the measures, Serbia is in a difficult position as they tackle issues established with the problematic 2008 Serbia-Russia Energy Agreement, which allowed Russian penetration into the Serbian oil and gas sector. For example, several entities in joint Serbia-Russia ownership, such as the Oil Industry of Serbia or the Sogaz insurance company, fall under the EU sanctions. But as for the others, it seems that there is no apparent reason, apart from the sympathy of the population (geared by the almost 12 years wide dissemination of pro-Russian information by some of the most critical media) and the fact that Russia has been a supporter of Serbian position vis-à-vis the issue of Kosovo.⁵

At this point, it is important also to stress that for the first time in the past twelve years, Serbia has indeed aligned with some of the declarations and measures directed against Russia. First, before the Russian February 24th invasion of Ukraine, Serbia aligned with three “political” declarations: the first one against Russian cyber-attacks against Ukraine, the second in support of the preservice of the EU diplomatic presence in Ukraine's capital Kyiv and finally, just before the invasion, against the Russian military buildup on the borders with Ukraine. And Serbia also aligned with the declaration against Moscow's recognition of two so-called Donbas republics on February 22nd. Secondly, on March 12th, the EU outlined that Serbia, among other partner states, has aligned with the revision of sanctions against the ex-president of Ukraine, Viktor Yanukovich, and the members of his elite that have been established with the EU Council decision no. 119 from 2014 is the date of the first EU sanctions connected with Russia that Serbia aligned with. Interestingly enough, the EU decision was adopted on March 3rd, and it seems that Serbia aligned with it before the German Minister of Foreign Affairs, Annalena Baerbock, came to Serbia on March 11th.⁶

After that, Serbia aligned with the declaration published on May 10th condemning the Russian cyberattack against Ukraine and one from June 3rd that condemned various attempts made by Russia to forcefully integrate parts of Ukrainian territory, not just Luhansk and Donetsk, but also Kherson and Zaporizhzhia. Besides the first alignment with the EU sanctions, it is worthwhile to notice that Serbia joined EU declarations connected with Russian cyber operations for the first time (as noted above, it later failed to align with another declaration issued on July 19th that dealt with almost entirely the same topic – the cyber-attack on Ukraine in January and attack against KE-SAT satellite). More importantly, Serbia tried to prove that it supported Ukraine concerning its territorial integrity and sovereignty and was aligned with “political” declarations protesting against Russian attempts to cede parts of Ukrainian territory. Finally, Serbia aligned with the EU declaration from September 28th, 2022, condemning sham “referenda” organized in parts of the four Ukrainian regions: Donetsk, Kherson, Luhansk, and Zaporizhzhia.

Most other declarations, not concerning Belarus and China, were also connected with Russia.

The only declaration that targeted Russia for issues unrelated to Ukraine was the March 2nd declaration on the imprisonment of the Russian opposition politician Alexei Navalny, whose sentence in jail has been extended for an additional nine years by the Lefortovo District Court. The EU also expressed concern “with the state of Russian democracy and the systematic crackdown on civil society, independent media, and individual journalists and human rights defenders.”

Related to Russia are also three declarations concerning restrictive measures introduced against Syria and individuals and entities suspected of chemical weapons usage. The first one, from January 2022, added two persons and two entities from Russian Federation involved in the Syrian conflict. The two persons are identified as being involved in the conflict as part of the “Wagner” mercenary group; the two entities are involved in the Syrian oil and

5) Although this notion is problematic too, especially after Putin's most direct comparison of cases of “LPR” and “DPR” with the issue of Kosovo. See Putin: *Pravo na priznanje republika u Donbasu kao što je priznato Kosovo*, N1, June 21, 2022, <https://rs.n1info.com/svet/putin-pravo-na-priznanje-republika-u-donbasu-kao-sto-je-priznato-kosovo/> In such way, he treats Kosovo issue as a precedent for the recognition of separatist regions in Georgia and Ukraine, but also possibly in Moldova.

6) *Poseta Analene Berбок Srbiji: Hvala joj što ga je saslušala*, Euronews, March 15, 2022, <https://www.euronews.rs/srbija/politika/41032/ewb-srbija-se-uskladila-sa-sankcijama-eu-protiv-viktora-janukovica/vest>

gas sector. At the beginning of December 2022, the EU issued two declarations connected to chemical weapons usage. The first one extended the existing restrictive measures for another year, while the second added ten persons to the list of restrictive measures objects. Out of 10 persons, 8 are Russian nationals suspected to be a part of an assassination attempt against Alexey Navalny or part of the development process of the Novichok poison used in the assassination attempt.

Concerning the EU Global Human Rights Sanctions Regime, in January, the EU published two declarations regarding the restrictive measures against certain persons suspected of serious human rights violations and abuses. The first one, from January 13th, extended the existing measures on three persons connected with the “Wagner Group” for actions in the Central African Republic and Syria. The second one extended the measures initially introduced in 2020 to several Russians (including Chechens) and Chinese nationals.

The two declarations directed against Libya also had a Russian dimension to them. On January 31st, the EU published a declaration that added one person to restrictive measures introduced in 2015. This person is a member of the Wagner Group suspected of involvement in the conflict in Libya. The second declaration, issued on August 22nd, 2022, targeted the head of the “Wagner Group,” Yevgeniy Prigozhin, because of the breaching of the arms embargo in Libya established in UNSCR 1970 (2011).

Serbia again failed to align with the restrictive measures related to cyber. The EU extended them for one year with the declaration from April 29th, and they included sanctions against several Russian and Chinese nationals. Serbia did not align with these measures when they were introduced and amended in previous years.

Finally, Serbia did not align with the three “political” declarations concerning important dates and anniversaries, namely the declaration that marks the 25th anniversary of the Chemical Weapons Convention on April 29th and the one that marks World Press Freedom Day, May 3rd, 2022. Both declarations explicitly mention Russia and its actions, which is the most likely reason Serbia did not align. Finally, Serbia did not align with the declaration on Human Rights Day, December 10th, 2022, most probably because it targets human rights violations in Russia and Ukraine.

Apart from Russia, the most important topic of the EU declarations with which Serbia mostly did not align is Belarus. The situation with these is a bit strange. Serbia did not align with the six declarations that were revisions or extensions of restrictive measures introduced initially with the EU Council’s decision no. 624 (now extended through the three sanction packages), as with restrictive measures against Russia, went beyond targeted and became punitive. However, Serbia aligned with the first amendment with the sanctions published on January 12th, following the alignment from December of the previous year. Then Serbia ignored the four declarations that extended the restrictive measures to align with the declaration published on April 22nd concerning additional sectoral measures targeting the Belarusian financial and road transport sectors. This should mean that Serbia is aligned with all the previous extensions and additions. And after that, it again did not align with the two declarations published on June 10th. It looks like Serbia is trying to “play two fiddles” and send messages to Brussels and Moscow/Minsk that it is measuring its steps. In the year’s second half, Serbia did not align with the political declaration commemorating the second anniversary of the “fraudulent presidential elections” in Belarus, as the EU called it in the document. This is also an interesting case, as Serbia did align with original political declarations issued in protest of electoral process implementation in Belarus and the prosecution of the opposition in 2020. Also, in 2021 Serbia aligned with the declaration issued on the first anniversary of the elections, condemning “fraudulent” elections.

Serbia also did not align with four renewals and additions to sanctions against Iran.

In conclusion, Serbia did not align with the only EU declaration in this period that targeted China. The declaration was a protest against how the first Hong Kong elections were held after the imposition of the National Security Law. Keeping in mind that Serbia did not align with the declarations that covered similar topics in the previous years and that Serbian President Aleksandar Vucic, in an open letter, publicly supported the policies of China in this regard,⁷ the lack of alignment came as no surprise.

However, it is worthwhile to outline the topics of declarations and measures with which Serbia did align. Serbia aligned with political declarations which had for its topics following countries/topics: Belarus, Kazakhstan, Mali, Russia (in connection with the War in Ukraine and alone), Myanmar/Burma, Tunisia, Zimbabwe, North Korea, Afghanistan, Cuba, Sri Lanka, the commemoration of critical international dates, Lebanon, Ethiopia, Venezuela, and DR Congo.

Serbia is also aligned with restrictive measures implemented concerning the following countries/topics: Syria, Guinea, Mali, Russia/Ukraine, Myanmar/Burma, Nicaragua, terrorist activities, ISIL/Al-Qaeda, North Korea, South Sudan, and Lebanon.

The appendix has a complete list of declarations with the complete alignment data for Serbia and other candidates, potential candidates, and partner countries.

7) Vučić pisao Siju povodom Hongkonga: Podržavamo integritet i bezbednost Kine, N1, June 2, 2022, <https://rs.n1info.com/vesti/a606041-vucic-u-pismu-si-djinpingu-povodom-honkonga-podrzavamo-suverenitet-integritet-i-bezbednost-kine/>

Alignment with EU foreign policy declarations by other countries

In the first half of 2022, unlike the previous year, Serbia had the lowest level of alignment among candidates and potential candidates from the Western Balkans. Strangely enough, considering the complex way of decision-making in Bosnia and Hercegovina, this country scored 81 percent, above double the last year's 35 percent. Due to the complex internal situation, Bosnia and Hercegovina's approach toward the situation in Ukraine has been ambiguous for years, but in 2022 it started to align with the EU's restrictive measures against Russia.

All other three candidate states have an alignment rate of over 90 percent, with Albania and Montenegro scoring 100 percent of alignment. As usual, Turkey's alignment is much worse, stuck at 10 percent, but Turkey is a specific case as its accession process is treated differently (being effectively frozen), and the fact that Ankara announced that they would not introduce sanctions to Russia "as somebody has to carry on the role of negotiator and mediator" with Moscow.⁸ The alignment rate of non-EU countries members of the European Economic Area is also significantly higher than Serbia's - over 90%.

Also, two new candidates belonging to the EU's Eastern Partnership initiative had higher alignment rates, Ukraine with 93 and Moldova with 57. Georgia, which became a potential candidate, had an alignment rate of 42 percent. Armenia, which is in many ways dependent on Russia, having in mind the most recent Nagorno-Nagorno-Karabakh conflict, scored just 7 percent. Azerbaijan did not align with any of the EU declarations.

State	Alignment Percentage	
Serbia	48	EU Candidate and Potential Candidate States
North Macedonia	99	
Montenegro	100	
Albania	100	
Bosnia and Herzegovina*	82	
Turkey	8	
Moldova	57	
Ukraine	93	
Georgia	43	
Lichtenstein	97	European Economic Area countries outside of the EU
Iceland	99	
Norway	93	
Azerbaijan	0	EU Eastern Partnership members**
Armenia	7	

* Since December 15, 2022, Bosnia and Hercegovina became the EU candidate country.

** Since June 23, 2022, Ukraine and Moldova are the official EU candidates, while Georgia is a potential EU candidate.

8) *Turska neće uvoditi sankcije Rusiji*, 021, June 27, 2022, <https://www.021.rs/story/Info/Region-i-svet/309712/Turska-nece-uvodi-ti-sankcije-Rusiji.html>

ANNEX

**LIST OF THE EU'S FOREIGN POLICY
DECLARATIONS**

Declaration's name	No.	Date	Serbia	North Macedonia	Monten.	Albania	Bosnia and Herc.	Island	Liechten.	Norway	Ukraine	Moldova	Georgia	Armenia	Azerbaijan	Turkey
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the situation in Kazakhstan	1	08.01.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Belarus	2	12.01.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures against Syria	3	12.01.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures against serious human rights violations and abuses	4	13.01.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures against the Republic of Guinea	5	13.01.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Mali	6	14.01.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No

7	14.01.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
8	14.01.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
9	14.01.2022.	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
10	14.01.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
11	19.01.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
12	26.01.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No

Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Libya	13	31.01.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	
Myanmar/Burma: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union	14	31.01.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
West Africa: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the situation in Mali	15	02.02.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Ukraine: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on diplomatic presence in Kyiv	16	12.02.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities in view of the situation in Tunisia	17	16.02.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Mali	18	18.02.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative of the EU on the situation in eastern Ukraine and the Russian military build-up	19	19.02.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Zimbabwe: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union	20	21.02.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No

Ukraine: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the decisions of the Russian Federation further undermining Ukraine's sovereignty and territorial integrity	21	22.02.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Nicaragua	22	22.02.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries on the application of specific measures to combat terrorism	23	23.02.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Ukraine: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the invasion of Ukraine by armed forces of the Russian Federation	24	24.02.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Ukraine: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the illegal annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol	25	25.02.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in view of Russia's actions destabilizing the situation in Ukraine	26	01.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in respect of actions undermining or threatening the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Ukraine	27	01.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in response to the recognition of the non-government controlled areas of the Donetsk and Luhansk oblasts of Ukraine and the ordering of Russian armed forces into those areas	28	01.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in view of Russia's actions destabilising the situation in Ukraine	29	01.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in respect of actions undermining or threatening the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Ukraine	30	01.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in respect of actions undermining or threatening the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Ukraine	31	01.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain third countries concerning restrictive measures in view of Russia's actions destabilizing the situation in Ukraine	32	03.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No

33	03.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
34	03.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
35	04.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
36	04.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
37	04.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
38	08.03.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No

39	11.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
40	12.03.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
41	12.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
42	15.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
43	15.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
44	15.03.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No

Cuba: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the trials and sentences related to the demonstrations of 11 and 12 July 2021	51	30.03.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in respect of actions undermining or threatening the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Ukraine	52	01.04.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
Ukraine: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on Russian atrocities committed in Bucha and other Ukrainian towns	53	04.04.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in view of Russia's actions destabilising the situation in Ukraine	54	22.04.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Belarus and the involvement of Belarus in the Russian aggression against Ukraine	55	22.04.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in respect of actions undermining or threatening the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Ukraine	56	22.04.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No

Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities in view of the situation in Iran	62	28.04.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Chemical Weapons Convention: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union to mark the 25th anniversary	63	29.04.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
World Press Freedom Day, 3 May 2022: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union	64	02.05.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No
Hong Kong: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the Chief Executive election held on 8 May	65	08.05.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Russian cyber operations against Ukraine: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union	66	10.05.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Sri Lanka: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the latest developments	67	10.05.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
International Day Against Homophobia, Transphobia and Biphobia, 17 May 2022: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union	68	16.05.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea	69	19.05.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No

70	03.06.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	
71	07.06.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	
72	07.06.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
73	10.06.2022	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	
74	10.06.2022	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	
75	10.06.2022	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	

76	10.06.2022	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
77	10.06.2022	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
78	30.06.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
79	05.07.2022,	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
80	11.07.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
81	11.07.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
82	12.07.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No

83	16.07.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
84	16.07.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
85	19.07.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
86	20.07.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
87	22.07.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
88	22.07.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
89	25.07.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
90	27.07.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

97	08.08.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
98	11.08.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
99	21.08.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
100	22.08.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
101	22.08.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
102	22.08.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
103	22.08.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in respect of actions undermining or threatening the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Ukraine	104	25.08.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Cyber-attacks: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union expressing solidarity with Albania and concern following the July malicious cyber activities	105	08.09.2022.	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in respect of actions undermining or threatening the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Ukraine	106	19.09.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on Russia's war of aggression against Ukraine	107	22.09.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Iran: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU	108	25.09.2022.	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on leaks in the Nord Stream gas pipelines	109	28.09.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Ukraine: Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the illegal sham "referenda" by Russia in the Donetsk, Kherson, Luhansk and Zaporizhzhia regions	110	28.09.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No

117	25.10.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
118	26.10.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
119	26.10.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
120	31.10.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
121	05.11.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
122	07.11.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
123	07.11.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No

Statement by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the explosion in Poland	124	16.11.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	
DPRK/North Korea: Statement by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the launch of an intercontinental ballistic missile	125	19.11.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Statement by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures in respect of actions undermining or threatening the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Ukraine	126	25.11.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Statement by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain third countries concerning restrictive measures against the proliferation and use of chemical weapons	127	02.12.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Statement by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the alignment of certain third countries concerning restrictive measures against the proliferation and use of chemical weapons	128	02.12.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Statement by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain third countries concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Myanmar/Burma	129	02.12.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Statement by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on the alignment of certain third countries concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Venezuela	130	02.12.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No

131	02.12.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain third countries concerning restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities in view of the situation in Iran																
132	02.12.2022.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Human Rights Day 10 December 2022: Statement by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union																
133	21.12.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Afghanistan: Statement by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on additional restrictions by the Taliban to the right of education of girls and women																
134	22.12.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Ethiopia: Statement by the High Representative on behalf of the EU																
135	30.12.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Statement by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain third countries concerning restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities in view of the situation in Tunisia																
136	31.12.2022.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Democratic Republic of the Congo: Statement by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the publication of the recent UN Group of Experts report																

Date	Serbia	North Macedonia	Monten.	Albania	Bosnia and Herc.	Island	Liechtenst.	Norway	Ukraine	Moldova	Georgia	Armenia	Azerbaijan	Turkey
Yes	65	135	136	136	111	134	132	126	127	77	59	9	0	11
No	71	1	0	0	25	2	4	10	9	59	77	127	136	125
Alignment percentage	48	99	100	100	82	99	97	93	93	57	43	7	0	8

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* CENTAR ZA MEĐUNARODNE I BEZBEDOSNE POSLOVE
* INTERNATIONAL AND SECURITY AFFAIRS CENTRE